

SEG Mail Mail Hragessing Soction

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: February 28, 2010
Estimated average burden
hours per response..... 12.00

MAR 0 3 2008

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER

8- 66560

Washington, DC 103

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEG	GINNING	01/01/07A A	ND ENDING	12/31/07 MM/DD/YY
	A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFICAT	ION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		PITAL PARTNERS II,		OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
One Park Place, Su		E33. (Do not use 1.0. Box 14	u. <i>)</i>	FINITI.D. NO.
	100 020	(No. 2015)		
Boca Raton,		(No. and Street) FL		33487-8238
(City)		(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUM Michael E. Lewitt	BER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN REGA	RD TO THIS R	EPORT (561)226-6199 (Area Code - Telephone Number
	B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIFICAT	'ION R	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOU		ose opinion is contained in this	Report* B	MAR 2 4 2008
223 Sunset Avenue,	. `	ame - if individual, state last, first, mi	•	THOMSON FINANCIAL 33480
(Address)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: Certified Public Acc Public Accountant		States or any of its possession		
	-·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	F(DR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

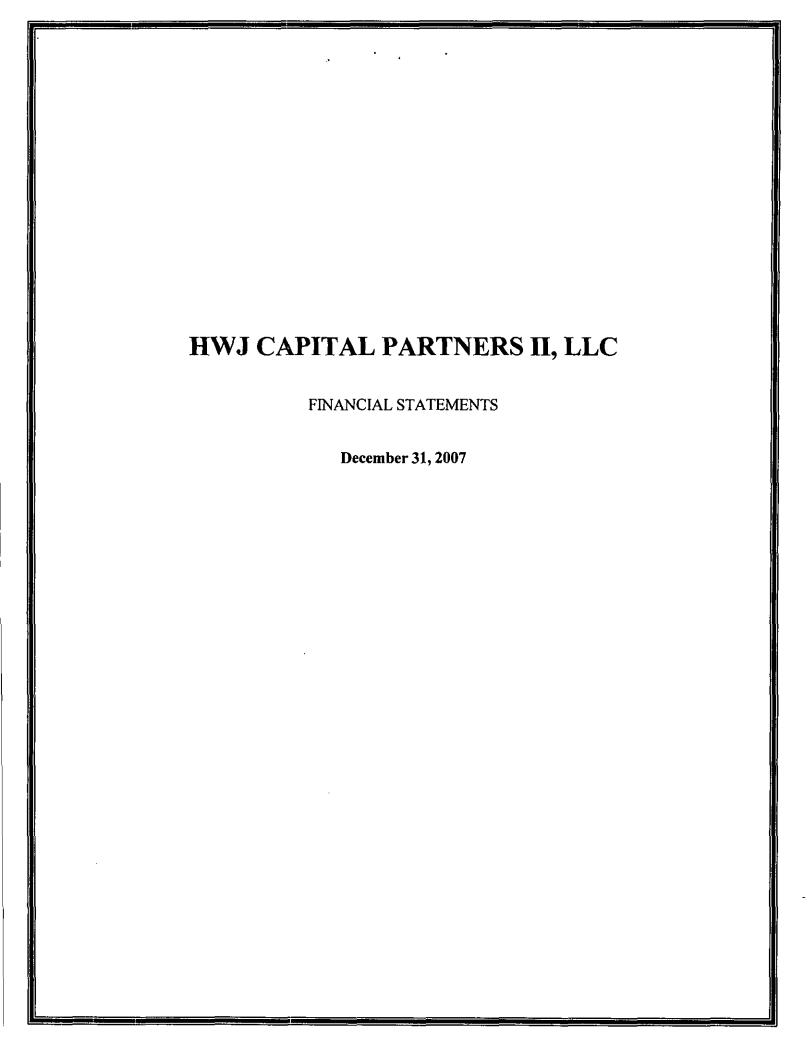
AB 3/2/

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

1, Michael E. Lewitt	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statem	
HWI Capital Parthers II, LI	, as
of February 28th, 20	o8 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company hor any partner, proprietor, principal o	fficer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
	11921
	- Julie L. Color
	Signature
	Managina Member
1 00	7 Title
Sara Clouter Lowe	
Notary Public	SARA CLOUTIER LOWE
	Notary Public - State of Florida
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	MyCommission Expires Feb 17, 2009
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	Commission # DD 364207 Bonded By National Notary Assn.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	was and an Cala Danasiatanat Canital
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Pa (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirer	
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control R (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation	equirements Under Rule 15c3-3. of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requ	
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
	o exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

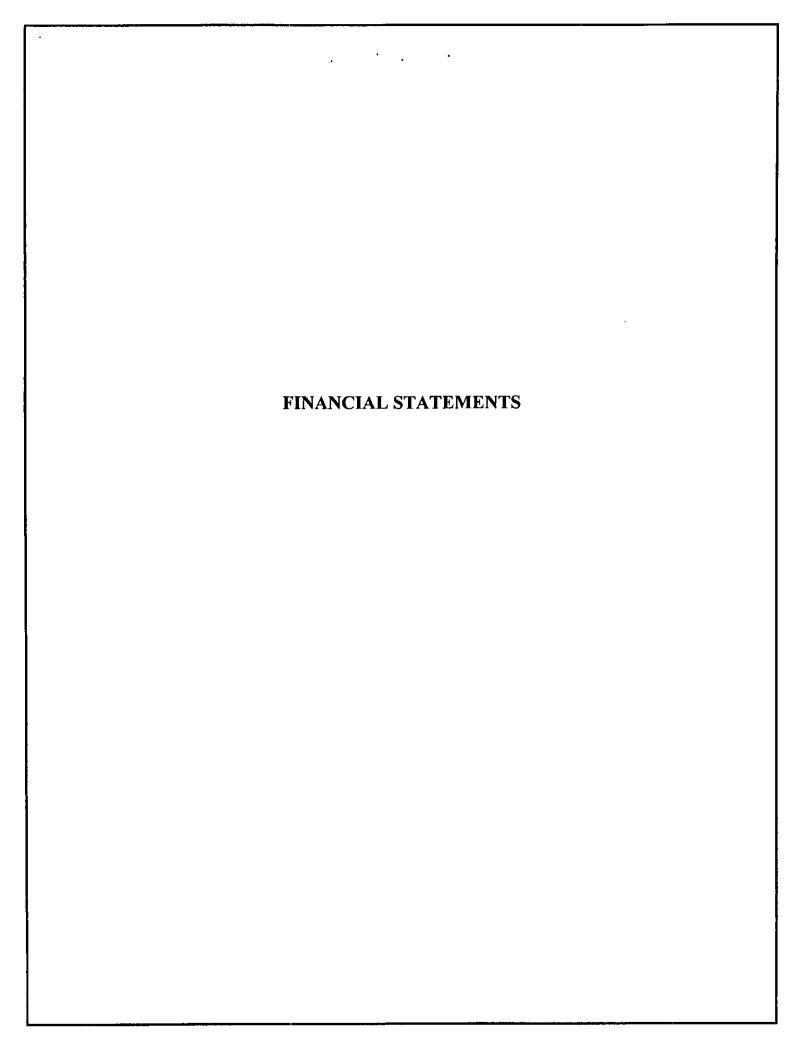


FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2007

TABLE OF CONTENTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Independent Auditors' Report	3
Balance Sheet	5
Statement of Income	6
Statement of Changes in Members' Equity	7
Statement of Cash Flows	8
Notes to Financial Statements	9
SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES:	
Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1	13
Schedule II - Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	14
INTERNAL CONTROL:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure	17



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors HWJ Capital Partners II, LLC

We have audited the accompanying balance sheet of HWJ Capital Partners II, LLC (the "Company"), as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of income, changes in members' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of HWJ Capital Partners II, LLC as of December 31, 2007, and the results of its operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Commission Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 27, 2008

Kampell & Rampell, P.A.

Balance Sheet

December 31, 2007

Assets Cash	\$ 120,000
Total assets	\$ 120,000
Liabilities and members' capital	
Liabilities and members' capital Total current liabilities	
	\$ 120,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

HWJ CAPITAL PARTNERS II, LLC

Statement of Changes in Members' Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2007

Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ 1,126,052
Net income	429,156
Members' contributions	664,874
Members' distributions	(2,100,082)
Balance at December 31, 2007	\$ 120,000

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2007

(1) SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of the Company

HWJ Capital Partners II, LLC ("the Company") (a Delaware Limited Liability Company) is a broker-dealer located in Boca Raton, Florida, with offices in California and New York. The Company is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

Basis of Accounting

The Company prepares its financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Securities Transactions

The Company is engaged solely in the proprietary trading of equities and bonds through a registered prime brokerage firm. Proprietary securities

transactions are recorded on the trade date as if they had settled.

The Company does not render investment advice, nor does it hold itself out as a broker-dealer to the public through advertising or otherwise. The Company does not have customers, does not carry a dealer inventory of securities, and does not hold the securities of others or extend or arrange for the extension of credit in connection with the sale of securities.

Income Taxes

The Company is not a taxpaying entity for federal income tax purposes, therefore, no federal income tax expense has been recorded in the financial statements. The income is passed through on a prorata basis to the members who report the income on their individual returns.

(2) NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer and as a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), must comply with the Net Capital rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company has a capital requirement of the greater of \$100,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness. The Company had net capital as computed under Rule 15c3-1 of \$120,000 which was \$20,000 in excess of the amount required to be maintained at December 31, 2007.

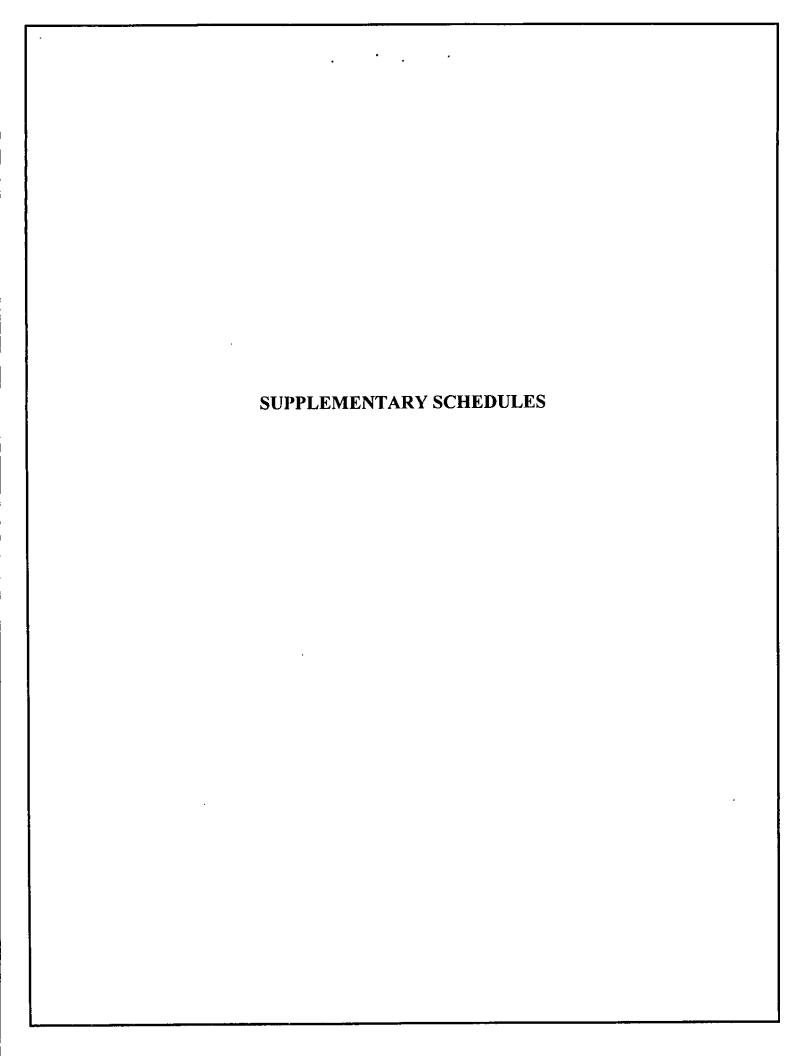
(3) RELATED PARTIES

Two of the members of the Company own 100% of Hegemony Capital Management, Inc. ("HCM") (a Florida Corporation). HCM is a registered investment advisor under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940. On January 1, 2007, the Company and HCM entered into a service agreement whereby HCM

will provide to the Company employees, office space, secretarial and other overhead expenses paid for by HCM at no charge to the Company. Operating results of the Company might be significantly different if the companies were autonomous.

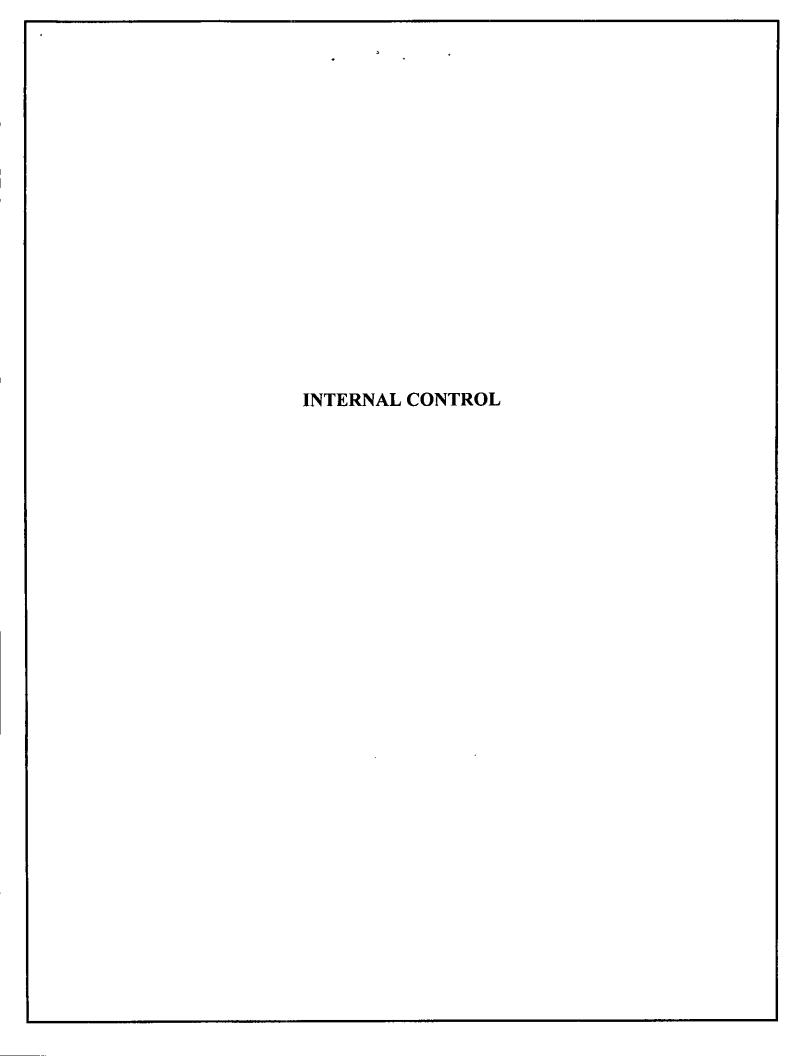
(4) COMMITMENTS

The Company maintains several agreements with Credit Suisse Securities, Inc., including a Prime Brokerage Margin Account Agreement, a Letter Agreement, an Options Agreement and a Margin Lending, Securities Lending, Custody Account and Sweep Account Agreement. The agreements may be terminated in writing at any time.



Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 As of December 31, 2007

Net capital:	
Total members' equity	\$ 120,000
Haircuts on securities	-
Net capital	 120,000
Minimum net capital required - 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness included in the balance sheet	
or \$100,000 whichever is greater	 100,000
Excess net capital	\$ 20,000
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ -
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	 0%



PRampell & Rampell, P.A.

certified public accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE

Board of Directors HWJ Capital Partners II, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of HWJ Capital Partners II, LLC, (the Company), for the year ended December 31, 2007, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8
 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve
 System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A deficiency in design exists when a control necessary to meet the control objective is missing, or when an existing control is not properly designed so that even if the control operates as designed, the control objective is not always met. A deficiency in operation exists when a properly designed control does not operate as designed or when the person performing the control does not possess the necessary authority or qualifications to perform the control effectively.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used for any other purpose.

February 27, 2008

Rampell & Rampell, P.A.

END